

Definition of addition in math

Meta Description (159 characters): Understand addition in math: its definition, properties, practical applications, and advanced concepts. Learn about commutative, associative, and identity properties. Explore related operations & FAQs. Master fundamental arithmetic! The Definition of Addition in Math: A Comprehensive Guide Addition, denoted by the plus symbol (+), is one of the four basic operations of arithmetic. It represents the process of combining two or more quantities to find their total or sum. At its core, addition describes the joining of sets of objects. This seemingly simple operation underpins many advanced mathematical concepts and has profound applications in various fields.

Understanding the Basics of Addition

The simplest form of addition involves two numbers, called **addends**, which are combined to produce a result known as the **sum**. For example, in the equation $2 + 3 = 5$, 2 and 3 are the addends, and 5 is the sum. This can be visualized as combining two sets: a set of two objects and a set of three objects to create a single set of five objects. | Addend 1 | Addend 2 | Sum | Visual Representation | |||| | 2 | 3 | 5 | **oo + ooo = ooooo** | | 5 | 7 | 12 | **ooooo + oooooooo = oooooooooooooo** | | 10 | 15 | 25 | (Ten objects) + (Fifteen objects) = (Twenty-five objects)| Addition can be extended to include more than two addends. For instance, $1 + 2 + 3 = 6$ represents the sum of three addends. The order in which we add the numbers doesn't affect the final sum, a property known as the commutative property.

Properties of Addition

Addition possesses several key properties which simplify calculations and underpin more advanced mathematical concepts. • **Commutative Property:** The order of the addends does not change the sum. $a + b = b + a$. For example, $4 + 6 = 10$ and $6 + 4 = 10$. • **Associative Property:** The grouping of addends does not affect the sum. $(a + b) + c = a + (b + c)$. For example, $(2 + 3) + 4 = 9$ and $2 + (3 + 4) = 9$. • **Identity Property:** Adding zero to any number results in the same number. $a + 0 = a$. Zero is the additive identity.

Applications of Addition

Addition is fundamental to numerous aspects of daily life and various disciplines: • Finance: Calculating expenses, income, profits, and balances. • Shopping: Determining the total cost of items in a shopping cart. • **Measurement:** Adding lengths, weights, volumes, and other quantities. • Science: Combining experimental data, calculating concentrations, and modeling phenomena. • Engineering: Calculating distances, forces, and stresses. • Computer Science: Performing bitwise operations, managing memory addresses, and developing algorithms.

Related Mathematical Concepts

Several mathematical concepts are closely related to addition, enriching its understanding and applications:

Subtraction

Subtraction is the inverse operation of addition. It involves finding the difference between two numbers. If $a + b = c$, then $c - a = b$ and $c - b = a$. Subtraction is crucial for solving problems involving comparisons, decreases, and finding missing values.

Multiplication

Multiplication can be viewed as repeated addition. For example, 3×4 (3 multiplied by 4) is equivalent to $4 + 4 + 4 = 12$. It represents the combination of multiple sets of the same size.

Division

Division is the inverse operation of multiplication. It involves splitting a quantity into equal parts. Division is essential for sharing, ratio problems, and determining rates.

Number Systems

Addition applies across various number systems, including integers, rational numbers (fractions and decimals), real numbers, and complex numbers. Understanding these systems is crucial for expanding the scope of addition beyond whole numbers.

Advanced Concepts related to Addition

Beyond the basic understanding, addition extends into more complex mathematical areas:

- **Matrices:** Addition of matrices involves adding corresponding elements of two matrices. The matrices must be of the same dimensions.
- **Vectors:** Vector addition involves combining the components of two or more vectors, resulting in a new vector that represents the combined effect of the original vectors. This is widely used in physics and engineering.
- **Series and Sequences:** Infinite series rely heavily on addition to find their sums (if they converge).
- **Calculus:** Integration, a fundamental concept in calculus, can be seen as an advanced form of summation over infinitesimally small intervals.

Thought-Provoking Insights

Addition, despite its apparent simplicity, is conceptually profound; it forms a cornerstone for numerous mathematical concepts and has far-reaching practical implications. Its properties highlight fundamental principles of symmetry and structure within mathematics. The seemingly simple act of combining quantities transcends basic arithmetic and contributes greatly to our understanding of the world.

Advanced FAQs

1. *What is the significance of the commutative property in addition?* The commutative property simplifies calculations, allows for flexible problem-solving strategies, and forms the foundation for concepts like symmetry in algebraic structures. 2. *How does addition differ across different number systems (e.g., integers vs. real numbers)?* The fundamental principle remains consistent, but complexities arise with negative integers and real number representation, necessitating careful consideration of sign conventions and decimal approximations. 3. **Can addition be defined recursively?** Yes, addition can be recursively defined. For example, you can define the sum of a and b as $a + b = a + \text{succ}(b)$, where $\text{succ}(b)$ is the successor of b (the next number after b). The base case often involves adding 0 to any Number. 4. **What are the computational implications of addition, particularly with very large numbers or in computer science?** Efficient addition algorithms are crucial for handling large numbers and optimizing computer processes. Carry propagation within addition is a key aspect of computational efficiency. 5. *How does addition contribute to our understanding of higher-level mathematical concepts like abstract algebra?* Addition introduces the concept of a group – a fundamental concept in abstract algebra characterized by closure, associativity, identity, and invertibility (existence of an inverse). It acts as a building block to introduce more intricate algebraic structures.

Ever found yourself staring at a math problem and thinking, "What exactly *is* this operation called 'addition'?" You're not alone! While it's one of the first mathematical concepts we learn, truly grasping its definition goes deeper than just knowing how to add 2 and 2. In this comprehensive guide, we're going to unpack the definition of addition in math, exploring its fundamental meaning, its various representations, and why it's such a cornerstone of mathematics. So, buckle up, and let's dive into the wonderful world of adding things together!

The Core Definition: Bringing Things Together

At its most basic, the definition of addition in math is the process of **combining two or more quantities to find their total sum**. Think of it as putting separate groups of items into one larger group and then counting how many items you have in total. It's about finding the aggregate, the whole, the grand total.

The symbol we commonly use for addition is the plus sign, '+'. So, when you see ' $a + b$ ', it means you're taking the quantity represented by ' a ' and combining it with the quantity represented by ' b '. The result of this combination is called the **sum**.

Let's break this down with a simple example:

1. Imagine you have 3 apples.
2. Your friend gives you 2 more apples.
3. To find out how many apples you have altogether, you **add** the apples.
4. So, 3 apples + 2 apples = 5 apples.

In this scenario, '3' and '2' are called **addends**, and '5' is the **sum**. The terms 'addend' and

'sum' are fundamental vocabulary when discussing addition.

Beyond Counting: Abstract Quantities

While we often use concrete objects like apples to illustrate addition, its definition extends far beyond just physical items. Addition applies to abstract quantities like numbers, measurements, lengths, areas, volumes, and even more complex mathematical entities. The principle remains the same: combining and finding the total.

For instance:

1. **Numbers:** $15 + 8 = 23$
2. **Measurements:** 5 meters + 3 meters = 8 meters
3. **Time:** 2 hours and 30 minutes + 1 hour and 15 minutes = 3 hours and 45 minutes

This ability to represent and manipulate abstract quantities is what makes addition such a powerful tool in mathematics and science.

Representations of Addition: Seeing is Believing

How we represent addition can vary, and understanding these different representations helps solidify the definition. Let's look at a few common ways addition is visualized:

1. Using Objects

As we've seen, using tangible objects is a classic and effective way to understand addition, especially for beginners. It provides a concrete link between the abstract concept and the real world. This is often referred to as **counting on** or **combining sets**.

2. Number Lines

The number line is a fantastic visual aid for addition. To add two numbers, you start at the first number and move to the right (for positive numbers) a number of steps equal to the second number. The position you land on is the sum.

For example, to solve $4 + 3$ on a number line:

1. Start at 4.
2. Move 3 steps to the right.
3. You land on 7. Therefore, $4 + 3 = 7$.

This visual reinforces the idea of increasing quantity and is crucial for understanding concepts like **additive relationships**.

3. Equations and Expressions

The most common way we encounter addition in formal mathematics is through equations and expressions. An expression like ' $5 + 7$ ' shows the operation to be performed. An equation like ' $5 + 7 = 12$ ' states the result of that operation.

Key components of an addition equation include:

1. **Addends:** The numbers being added (e.g., 5 and 7).
2. **Plus Sign (+):** The symbol indicating the operation of addition.
3. **Equals Sign (=):** The symbol indicating that the expression on the left is equal in value to the expression on the right.
4. **Sum:** The result of the addition (e.g., 12).

Understanding these components is essential for interpreting and solving addition problems. This is the bedrock of **arithmetic operations**.

4. Bar Models and Manipulatives

Similar to using objects, bar models (often used in elementary education) visually represent quantities as rectangular bars. When adding, you place bars end-to-end to show the combined total. Math manipulatives, like Cuisenaire rods or base-ten blocks, also offer tactile ways to explore addition.

The Properties of Addition: Why it Works the Way it Does

Beyond its basic definition, addition has several important properties that govern how it behaves. These properties are not just arbitrary rules; they are fundamental truths that make arithmetic consistent and predictable.

1. Commutative Property of Addition

This property states that the order in which you add numbers does not change the sum. In simple terms, ' $a + b$ ' is always equal to ' $b + a$ '.

Example: $6 + 4 = 10$, and $4 + 6 = 10$. The sum remains the same regardless of the order of the addends.

This property is incredibly useful, especially when dealing with larger numbers or when trying to simplify calculations. It's a key concept in understanding **number sense**.

2. Associative Property of Addition

The associative property deals with how numbers are grouped when adding three or more numbers. It states that the way you group the numbers does not affect the sum. So, ' $(a + b) + c$ ' is equal to ' $a + (b + c)$ '.

Example: $(2 + 3) + 4 = 5 + 4 = 9$, and $2 + (3 + 4) = 2 + 7 = 9$. The sum is the same no matter how you associate the numbers.

This property is particularly helpful when adding multiple numbers, allowing you to group them in ways that make calculation easier. It's a fundamental building block for more advanced algebraic concepts.

3. Identity Property of Addition (Additive Identity)

The identity property of addition states that adding zero to any number does not change the number's value. Zero is known as the **additive identity**.

In mathematical terms, ' $a + 0 = a$ ' and ' $0 + a = a$ '.

Example: $17 + 0 = 17$. Adding zero has no impact on the original number.

This property might seem simple, but it's crucial for understanding number systems and for proofs in higher mathematics.

4. Additive Inverse Property

This property states that for every number ' a ', there exists a number ' $-a$ ' such that their sum is zero. This ' $-a$ ' is called the **additive inverse** of ' a '.

In mathematical terms, ' $a + (-a) = 0$ '.

Example: $5 + (-5) = 0$. The number and its additive inverse cancel each other out.

This property is vital for understanding subtraction (which can be defined as adding the additive inverse) and is a cornerstone of algebra and solving equations. It's a core part of understanding **number theory**.

Why is Understanding Addition So Important?

The definition of addition is more than just a mathematical term; it's a fundamental skill that underpins a vast array of concepts and applications:

1. Building Blocks for Other Operations

Addition is the foundation for understanding subtraction, multiplication, and division. Subtraction, as mentioned, can be seen as adding the additive inverse. Multiplication is essentially repeated addition. Understanding addition makes learning these subsequent operations significantly easier.

2. Problem-Solving in Everyday Life

From managing your budget and calculating discounts to figuring out cooking quantities or planning travel time, addition is used constantly in daily life. A solid grasp of its definition and application is essential for practical decision-making.

3. Foundation for Higher Mathematics

As you progress in mathematics, addition continues to be a core component. From algebra and calculus to linear algebra and abstract mathematics, the principles of addition and its properties are extended and applied in increasingly complex ways. Concepts like **vector addition**, for example, build directly on the fundamental idea of combining quantities.

4. Developing Logical Thinking

Learning addition and its properties helps develop logical reasoning and analytical skills. Students learn to follow rules, identify patterns, and apply mathematical principles to solve problems.

Common Misconceptions About Addition

Even with its seemingly straightforward definition, some common misconceptions can arise:

1. **Confusing Addition with Subtraction:** Especially when dealing with negative numbers or word problems, students might incorrectly apply addition principles.
2. **Ignoring Place Value:** When adding larger numbers, a common mistake is not aligning numbers correctly by place value (ones, tens, hundreds, etc.), leading to incorrect sums.
3. **Forgetting Carrying Over:** In multi-digit addition, failing to "carry over" the tens digit from one column to the next is a frequent error.

Addressing these misconceptions early on through clear teaching and practice reinforces the accurate definition and application of addition. This is part of building strong **mathematical literacy**.

Conclusion: The Power of Combining

So, what is the definition of addition in math? It's the fundamental operation of combining quantities to find their total sum. It's about bringing things together, whether they are tangible objects, abstract numbers, or complex mathematical entities.

From the simple act of counting apples to the sophisticated calculations in advanced physics, addition is a constant companion. Its properties – commutative, associative, and the identity property – ensure its consistency and usefulness. Understanding addition is not just about memorizing facts; it's about grasping a core concept that unlocks a universe of mathematical understanding and problem-solving capabilities. Keep practicing, keep exploring, and you'll see how the power of addition extends far beyond what you might initially imagine!

Understanding Addition in Mathematics: A Fundamental Building Block

Addition is one of the most fundamental operations in mathematics, serving as the cornerstone for numerical reasoning and problem-solving across all levels of study. At its core, addition is the mathematical process of combining two or more quantities to determine their total or combined value. This simple yet profound concept enables learners and professionals alike to quantify accumulation, measure growth, and establish relationships between numbers. Whether calculating the total number of items, summing scores, or analyzing data trends, addition provides the essential framework for understanding how parts contribute to a whole.

The Conceptual Foundations of Addition

Conceptually, addition represents the act of bringing together distinct entities into a single collective amount. It goes beyond mere counting—while addition builds on the recognition of numbers, it introduces the idea of synthesis: merging separate quantities into a unified total. For example, when you have three apples and receive two more, addition allows you to recognize that you now possess five apples. This operation supports both concrete and abstract thinking, forming the basis for more complex mathematical ideas such as multiplication, algebra, and calculus. The ability to visualize addition through physical objects, number lines, or models strengthens comprehension and prepares learners for higher-level mathematical reasoning.

Applications Across Real-World Contexts

The utility of addition extends far beyond the classroom, permeating nearly every aspect of daily life and professional fields. In everyday situations, addition helps manage finances by computing budgets, tracking expenses, or calculating income. In science, it plays a critical role in measuring quantities, combining data from experiments, or scaling models. In engineering and technology, addition underpins algorithms used in computations, simulations, and data analysis. Even in social sciences and economics, aggregate data rely on addition to summarize population trends, resource distribution, or economic indicators. Its versatility makes addition indispensable as a tool for decision-making, planning, and innovation across industries.

The Enduring Benefits of Mastering Addition

Developing a strong grasp of addition yields lasting cognitive and practical advantages. It enhances numerical fluency, strengthens logical thinking, and supports the development of mental math skills essential for quick, accurate problem-solving. Mastery of addition fosters confidence in handling larger numbers and more complex operations, reducing anxiety and building a solid foundation for future learning. In education, fluent addition skills correlate strongly with success in subsequent mathematical domains, including fractions, geometry, and algebra. Moreover, the ability to add efficiently supports effective time management, critical in personal and professional contexts where precision and speed matter.

The Future of Addition in an Evolving Mathematical Landscape

As technology continues to advance, the role of addition remains central, even as computational methods evolve. While machines now perform addition at unprecedented speeds and scales, human understanding of the concept remains vital. Educational approaches increasingly emphasize conceptual comprehension over rote memorization, encouraging learners to grasp why addition works rather than simply how to compute it. Innovations in artificial intelligence and machine learning rely on foundational arithmetic operations like addition, integrating them into complex systems for data processing and predictive modeling. Looking ahead, addition will continue to bridge the gap between human intuition and computational power, ensuring that learners remain equipped to navigate a data-driven world.

with clarity and confidence.

The Foundation of Arithmetic: Unpacking the Definition of Addition in Math

At the heart of mathematics lies a deceptively simple yet profoundly powerful operation: addition. It's a concept so fundamental that it forms the bedrock of arithmetic, influencing everything from elementary school counting exercises to complex algebraic equations and advanced scientific calculations. But what exactly *is* addition? Beyond the familiar notion of "putting together," a deeper understanding reveals a nuanced definition that underpins a vast array of mathematical principles. This article will delve into the multifaceted definition of addition in math, exploring its various interpretations, applications, and the underlying principles that make it such an indispensable tool.

Defining Addition: The Core Concept

At its most basic level, the definition of addition in math can be understood as the process of combining two or more quantities to find their total sum. This involves taking discrete objects or numerical values and aggregating them into a single, larger quantity. The symbol universally used to denote addition is the plus sign (+).

For instance, if we have 3 apples and we add 2 more apples, the operation of addition allows us to determine the total number of apples, which is 5. Mathematically, this is represented as $3 + 2 = 5$. Here, 3 and 2 are called the **addends**, and 5 is the **sum**.

This elementary understanding is crucial. It's the first encounter most individuals have with mathematical operations, laying the groundwork for more complex reasoning. This concept of combining is not limited to physical objects; it extends to abstract numerical values and even concepts like sets.

Exploring Different Perspectives on Addition

While the "combining" definition is intuitive, mathematicians have developed more formal and abstract ways to define addition, allowing for its application across diverse mathematical fields. These perspectives often highlight different properties and applications of the operation.

1. Addition as Set Union

In set theory, a branch of mathematics dealing with collections of objects, addition can be viewed as the union of disjoint sets. If we have a set A containing 'a' elements and a set B containing 'b' elements, and these sets have no elements in common (they are disjoint), then the number of elements in the union of A and B ($A \cup B$) is the sum of the number of elements in A and B. This provides a concrete, visual representation of addition. For example, if set A = {apple, banana} and set B = {orange, grape}, then the number of elements in A is 2 and in B is 2. The union $A \cup B = \{\text{apple, banana, orange, grape}\}$, which has 4 elements. Therefore, $2 + 2 =$

4.

This set-theoretic perspective is powerful because it connects arithmetic to logic and abstract structures. It emphasizes the fundamental idea of combining distinct collections into a larger, unified whole, a concept that resonates throughout various mathematical disciplines.

2. Addition as a Binary Operation

In abstract algebra, addition is defined as a binary operation. A binary operation is a rule that takes two elements from a given set and combines them to produce a third element, which may or may not be in the original set. For addition, this set is typically the set of numbers (natural numbers, integers, rational numbers, real numbers, complex numbers).

The definition of addition as a binary operation is characterized by certain properties that govern its behavior. These properties are crucial for building consistent mathematical systems:

1. **Closure Property:** For any two numbers 'a' and 'b' in a set, their sum ($a + b$) is also in that set. For example, adding two natural numbers always results in another natural number.
2. **Associative Property:** The order in which three or more numbers are grouped for addition does not affect the sum. That is, $(a + b) + c = a + (b + c)$. This property simplifies calculations involving multiple addends. For example, $(2 + 3) + 4 = 5 + 4 = 9$, and $2 + (3 + 4) = 2 + 7 = 9$.
3. **Commutative Property:** The order of the addends does not affect the sum. That is, $a + b = b + a$. This is a fundamental aspect of how we perceive addition in everyday life. For example, $5 + 7$ is the same as $7 + 5$, both equaling 12.
4. **Identity Element (Additive Identity):** There exists an element '0' such that for any number 'a', $a + 0 = a$ and $0 + a = a$. The number zero acts as the neutral element in addition, not changing the value of any number it's added to.
5. **Inverse Element (Additive Inverse):** For every number 'a', there exists an element '-a' such that $a + (-a) = 0$. This is the concept of opposites, essential for subtraction and solving equations. For example, the additive inverse of 5 is -5, because $5 + (-5) = 0$.

These properties, when applied to different number systems, define distinct forms of addition. For instance, the addition of integers adheres to all these properties, while the addition of matrices involves a specific set of rules for combining elements. Understanding these properties is key to grasping the rigor and universality of mathematical operations.

3. Addition as Movement on a Number Line

The number line provides a visual and intuitive model for understanding addition, especially for integers. When we add two numbers, say 'a' and 'b', on a number line, we start at the point representing 'a'. If 'b' is positive, we move 'b' units to the right. If 'b' is negative, we move 'b' units to the left. The final position on the number line represents the sum $a + b$.

For example, to calculate $3 + 2$, we start at 3 on the number line and move 2 units to the right, landing on 5. To calculate $3 + (-2)$, we start at 3 and move 2 units to the left, landing on 1.

This representation is particularly helpful for visualizing operations involving negative numbers and understanding the concept of additive inverses. It reinforces the idea of accumulating or

diminishing quantities based on the signs of the addends.

The Role of Addition in Different Mathematical Contexts

The definition of addition, while seemingly simple, has profound implications and applications across various branches of mathematics.

Elementary Arithmetic: Building Blocks of Calculation

In elementary school, addition is introduced as a fundamental skill for counting and basic problem-solving. Children learn to add single-digit numbers, then multi-digit numbers using algorithms like carrying and borrowing. This lays the foundation for more complex arithmetic operations like subtraction, multiplication, and division.

The development of number sense is intrinsically linked to a solid understanding of addition. Fluency in addition enables quicker calculations and a deeper comprehension of numerical relationships. The concept of **repeated addition** also directly links to multiplication, further illustrating the interconnectedness of arithmetic operations.

Algebra: Solving Equations and Manipulating Expressions

In algebra, addition is used to combine like terms, simplify expressions, and solve equations. For example, in the equation $2x + 3x = 10$, we use the commutative and associative properties of addition to combine $2x$ and $3x$ to get $5x$. Then, we use the inverse operation of addition (subtraction) to isolate x .

The abstract nature of algebraic variables means that addition operates on symbols representing unknown quantities, extending the concept beyond concrete numbers. Understanding addition in algebra is essential for manipulating equations and deriving solutions.

Calculus: Accumulation and Integrals

In calculus, addition takes on a new dimension as it relates to the concept of accumulation. Integration, the process of finding the area under a curve, can be thought of as an infinite sum of infinitesimally small quantities. This is often represented by the integral symbol ($\int$), which is an elongated 'S' for "summation."

The idea of summing up continuous changes relies heavily on the fundamental concept of addition. Limits and series also involve the summation of an infinite number of terms, demonstrating how even advanced calculus builds upon this basic arithmetic operation.

Computer Science: Binary Addition and Logic Gates

In computer science, addition is fundamental to how computers process information. All calculations, including addition, are performed using binary arithmetic (base-2). Binary addition involves a set of rules for combining 0s and 1s, including the concept of a 'carry' when the sum exceeds 1. This forms the basis of logic gates within computer processors.

The efficient implementation of binary addition is critical for the performance of any computational device. From simple calculators to supercomputers, the underlying arithmetic operations, including addition, are meticulously optimized.

The Importance of Precise Definition

The seemingly simple act of addition requires a precise definition to ensure consistency and applicability across all mathematical domains. Whether viewed as combining objects, unifying sets, a binary operation with specific properties, or movement on a number line, the core idea of aggregation remains constant.

The exploration of the definition of addition highlights not only its fundamental nature but also its adaptability. It's a concept that grows with our mathematical understanding, evolving from simple counting to sophisticated abstract structures. Mastering the definition and properties of addition is an indispensable step in any journey through the world of mathematics, providing the essential toolkit for problem-solving and discovery.

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Perhaps the most meaningful impact of downloading **Definition Of Addition In Math** lies in how it shapes attitudes toward learning. When information is easy to access, curiosity feels welcome rather than inconvenient. Readers explore topics more freely, revisit ideas more often, and remain open to continuous growth.

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Questions & Answers About definition of addition in math

No	Question	Answer
1	What's the simplest way to describe what 'addition' means in math?	Addition is the mathematical process of combining two or more numbers to find their total sum. It's like putting things together to see how many you have in all.
2	Why is 'addition' so important in everyday life, not just in math class?	Addition is fundamental for counting objects, managing money (like calculating bills or savings), tracking time, and even in cooking for measuring ingredients. It's essential for understanding quantities and making decisions.
3	When we add numbers, what do we call the result?	The result of an addition operation is called the 'sum'. For example, in $5 + 3 = 8$, the number 8 is the sum.
4	Are there any special rules or properties for addition that make it easier?	Yes! The commutative property means the order doesn't matter ($2 + 3$ is the same as $3 + 2$). The associative property means how you group numbers doesn't change the sum ($(2 + 3) + 4$ is the same as $2 + (3 + 4)$). The additive identity is zero, meaning adding zero to any number doesn't change it ($5 + 0 = 5$).

5	Can you give an example of how 'addition' is used with more than just two numbers?	Absolutely! If you have 2 apples, your friend gives you 3 more, and then someone else gives you 1, you add them all together: $2 + 3 + 1 = 6$. You now have a total of 6 apples.
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